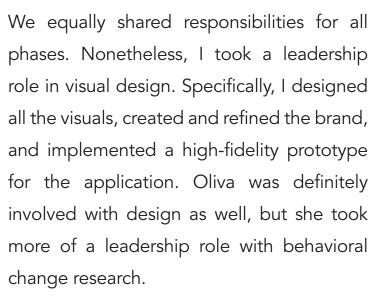


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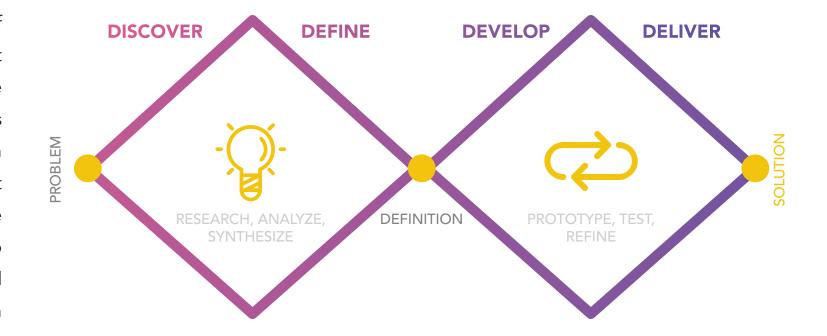




PROCESS & PROJECT OVERVIEW (3)

The journey begins

This project was developed over a period of 7 weeks. The area of focus for the project was around behavioral change and the implementation of gamification elements to foster human connection through collaboration. Our target users for this project are smarthphone users who spend time socially with friends and family. Our goal is to provide an application that encourages and promotes human connection by engaging in collaborative games with friends and family.



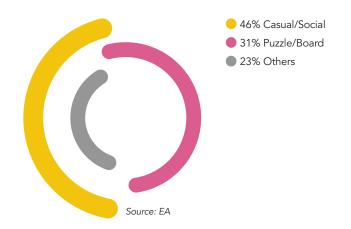


Our insights

The starting point of the project was secondary research, competitive analysis, and a survey. This allowed us to understand the space problem we wanted to explore and to empathize with our target user. We needed to understand the physical, mental, and social implications of changes in interaction between people created by smartphone use. First, we focused our research in understanding what the specific motivations were that enhance human connection. We decided to stimulate human connection by leveraging the power of technology, instead of removing it. By using smartphones to foster play and collaboration, the game will build closer connections between friends and families in the real world.

Second, the game research and survey provided us insightful statistics. Particularly, we analyzed users who enjoy social or collaborative games: 46% have a particular preference for casual/social games; 31% have a preference for puzzle or board games. This helped us identify the type of game that we needed to develop in order to foster behavioral change in human connection.

Game Preference



Competitive analysis

Third, we used the information gathered from our competitive analysis to categorize each application by using a 2x2 matrix. This distribution is based on the different features each application offers. The four parameters (collaborative, individual, smarthphone immersive, and real-world immersive) allowed us to visualize the focus area for our application, a collaborative and real-world immersive type of game.

Smarthphone

Immersive

Collaborative

US

Real-world Immersive

Stray pools

All Collaborative

Real-world Immersive

Popular media scan

The popular media scan provided us with a broader view of how the use of smarthphones has either a positive or negative impact on human interaction. Most graphics identified an alarming level of dependency in how smarthphones are being used, and they clearly reference the disconnection created among friends or family.

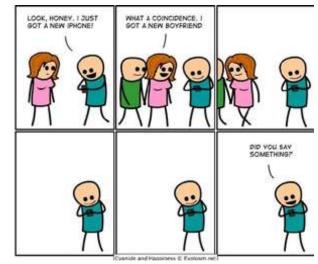
"Consumer technology is good. It enables us to connect in amazing ways as humans. It is not replacing real interaction. It is augmenting it. Embrace it [1]."













Artefact card





Moodboard

Our moodboard can be described in two words: "Magical Exploration." We were looking for an experience that could amaze each player. The idea of having fun and experiencing togetherness are values that needed to be reflected in our game.



Thumbnail sketches

Drawing the thumbnails was not only fun, but it showed us which areas were clear and those that needed more discussion and refinement. This process helped us weed out the unrealistic concepts from those that were feasible.

Most interesting concepts



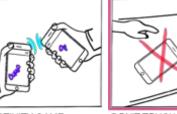
TOPIC ROULETTE (SOCIAL ENGAGEMENT)



PROXIMITY GAME



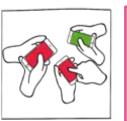
HAPPY HOUR GAME (WHEN CLOSE TO FRINEDS



ACTIVITY GAME DON'T TOUCH YOUR PHONE GAME



CLUE/AUGMENTED



PHONE FEATURE



GROW-OBJECT GAME (WITHOUT TOUCHING YOUR PHONE)



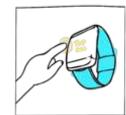
FIND MY BUDDY BASED ON LOCATION



SET PHONE TO BLOCK DON'T TOUCH YOUR (CHOOSE WHEN TO BLOCK YOUR PHONE AND TIME)



PHONE CHALLANGE



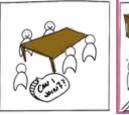
(WORKS WITH WEARABLES)





SCAVENGER HUNT

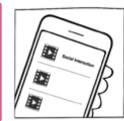




AUTOMATICALLY ADOPTS FOR

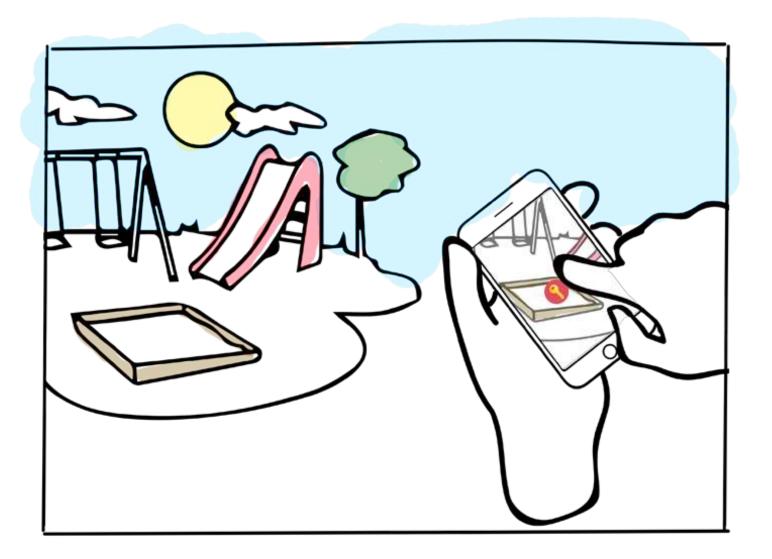


SCAVENGER HUNT



Narrowing our concept

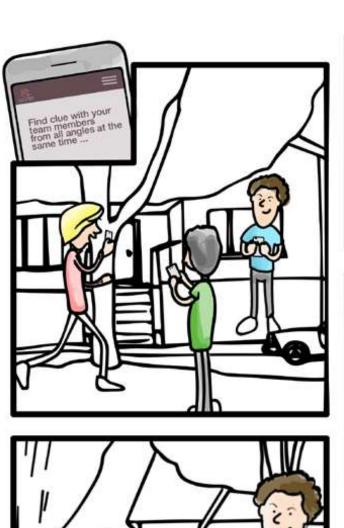
After comparing PROS and CONS from each, we determined the most feasible concept. We first chose three divergent concepts that we thought were collaborative and real-world immersive, then narrowed it down to a single concept: an augmented reality treasure hunt game. The goal of the treasure hunt game was to increase interpersonal collaboration and play using smartphone technology for groups of friends to get out in the world together and solve puzzles together.



Storyboarding

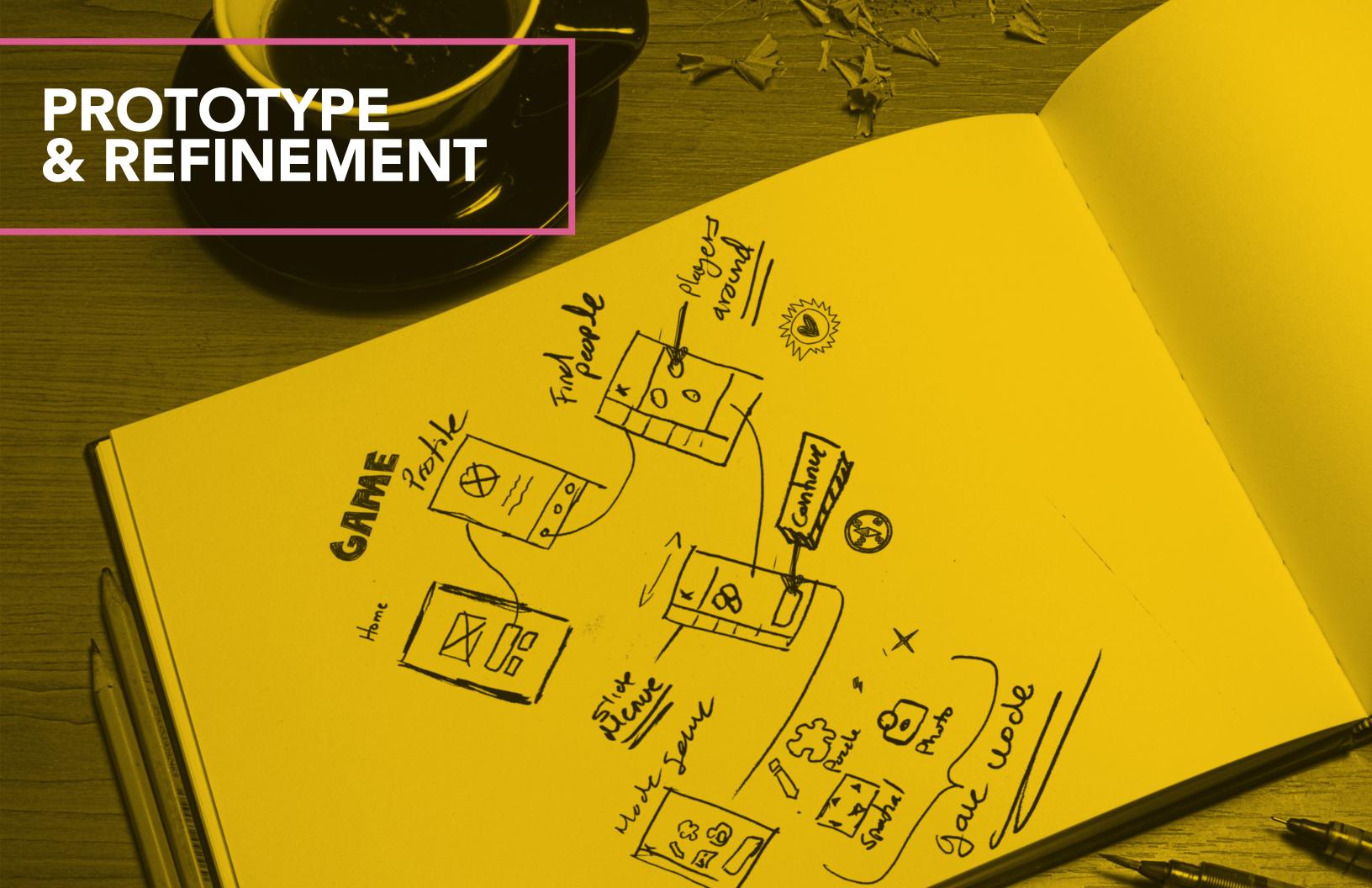
We used a storyboard to create an AR interface scenario within the context of social interaction among friends, specifically showing how the AR interface would foster collaborative play and how smartphone technology would increase interaction.











Concept refinement

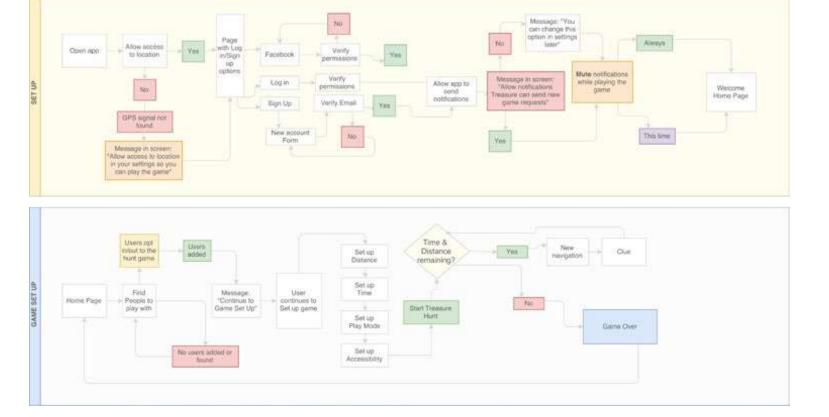
TREASURE IS AN AUGMENTED REALITY PUZZLE HUNT GAME.

Its purpose is to foster human connection among friends and family through collaboration and play. Friends or family form teams then wander and search for clues to solve puzzles in the real world. Each clue requires teamwork and collaboration to unlock the next phase.



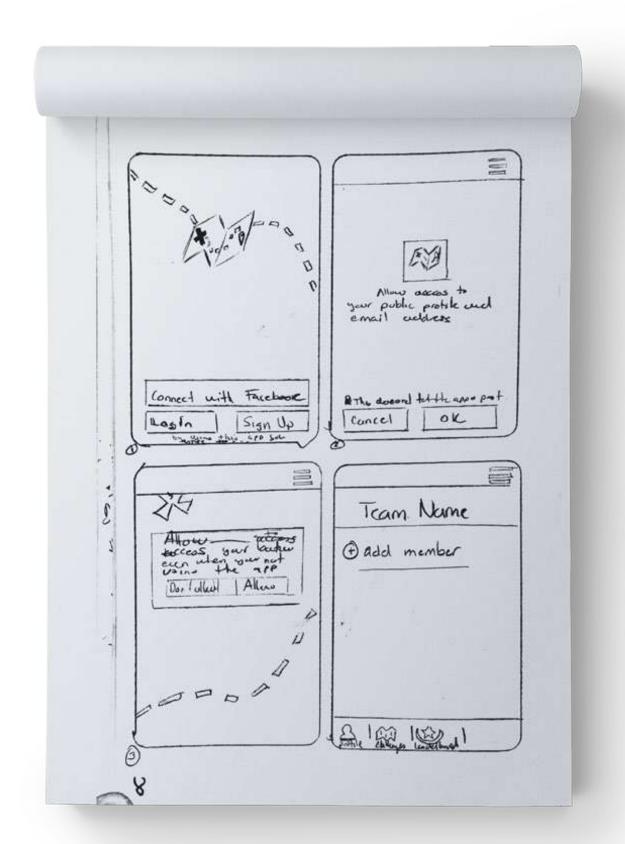
User flow

We divided the interaction flow in two parts: (1) the login/setup process and (2) the game setup. First, the login/setup process will prompt users to login with different options (Facebook or Email). Second, the game setup section will demonstrate how users can create a new game and successfully start it with other friends. Also, the game setup section will ask users to allow the application to "mute" their notifications. This could be asked only one time or every time, the users could change it anytime while playing the game.



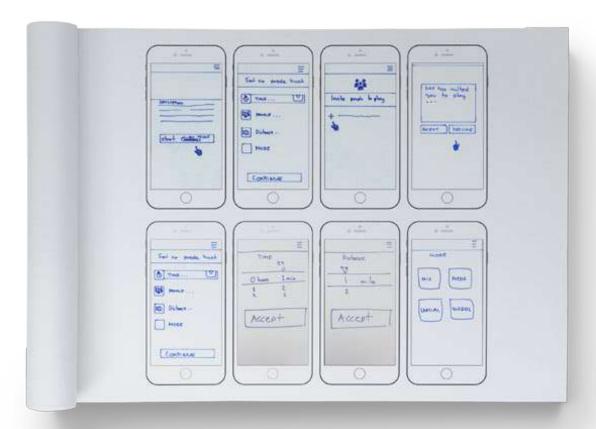
Paper prototype

Once we established the user flow for our AR game, we then sketched different screens to understand the flow of the application. This helped us identify missing elements within the application. We repeated this various times to conceptualize how the application was able, via collaboration, to enhance human connection with friends and family.



Paper prototype

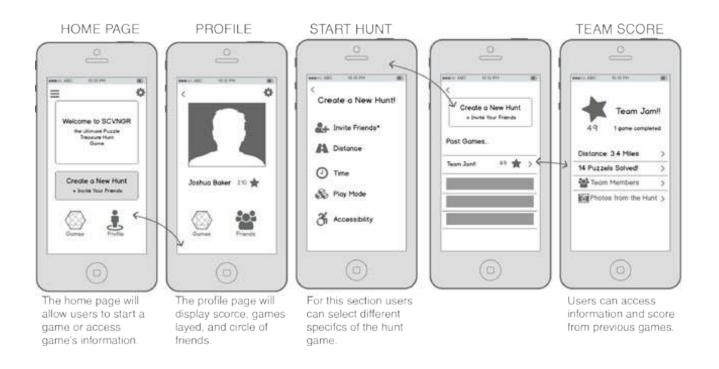
We kept sketching and iterating with various interfaces of the AR game app.





Wireframes

Our iteration process after the paper prototype phase allowed us to conceptualize the main screens and features contained within the game mode. We created a digital wireframe version of the game, adding basic features and integrating interactions that allowed us to test it. The feedback from this allowed us to test and build a high fidelity prototype of the application.



START HUNT



In this section the user needs to invite his/her friends in order to continue the game.



Users can set the distance, time, play mode, and accessibility before they start the hunt game.



Create a New Hunti Invite Friends* A Distance ① Time & Play Mode & Accessibility Shart Puzzle Hariff)

They can initiate the game once all the game set up process is done.

anytime.



They can choose a team This screen will show name and change it users where the next clue is located.

Role playing

We focused on foster collaboration, specifically helping players avoid phone use while playing. We used the role play method to empathize with our target user and to understand how the AR game would enhance human connection. First, the navigational system needed to be simple to enhance the collaborative navigation experience for the whole group. Instead of giving the players a map like they are used to seeing when navigating, we instead settled on rudimentary distances and compass directions to get them from one place to the other.



Role playing

The second insight from this was the illumination of distance and mode for letting people know when they were approaching a turn, as well as the change in leader from one player to another. We explored a series of haptic feedback messages that could be understood without the player having to look at their phones, as well as different interfaces on the phone itself.



Game play scenario

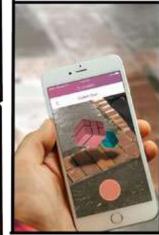
After we conceptualized some game specifications, we asked a few students to mimic playing the game. They were instructed on the premise of the game, and they mimicked group interaction for different phases. We took pictures of this interaction.



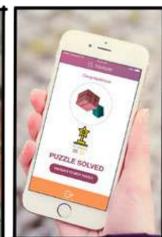
Each player will point their phone at the augmented reality clue from different angles.



Once everyone is in the correct position, the clue will be



Players will be able to see the After the puzzle is solved,



augmented reality clue in their they will be promted to move on to the next puzzle.



Puzzle is solved, and it's time to find the next one!



Individual legs of the journey will be shown to individual players



Navigation will change to a new person once you reach GPS locations along the route. You have to work together to find the way to the next puzzle.

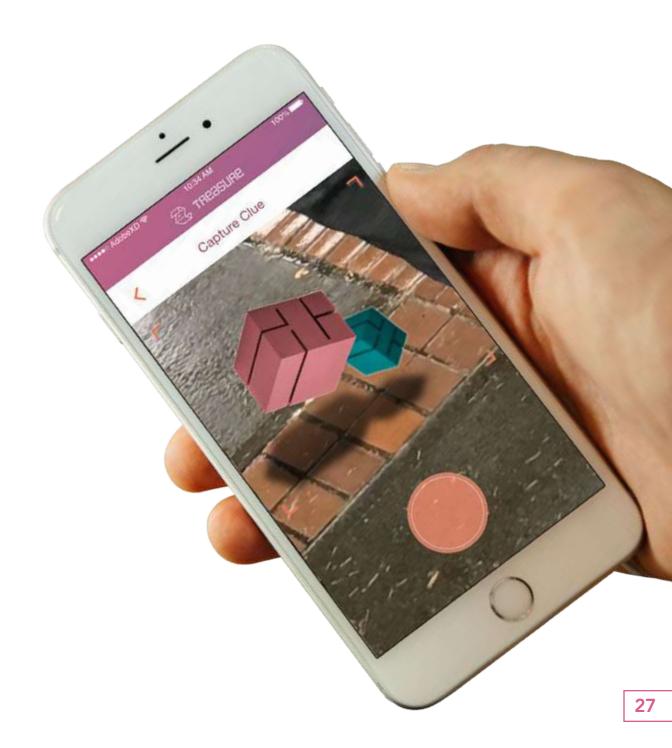
Players may keep their phones locked while traveling, and be alerted by buzzing when they are approaching an area they need to make a turn at.

Usability testing

At this point, we were ready to test the functionality of our application. The main usability issue we addressed was the success or failure of the information architecture and navigational user pathways.

FINDINGS

We asked 10 participants to test the beta version of our application. We identified some unclear sections, like labels, information architecture, and icons/graphics. We determined that users were getting stuck in some sections because they were unaware of what was next or how to save it, specifically their experience with the navigational section of the game.



HI-FI UI

